

OPEN Med

OPENING UP EDUCATION
IN SOUTH-MEDITERRANEAN COUNTRIES

OER Regional Agenda for South-Mediterranean Universities

Coordinator



POLITECNICO
DI TORINO

unir

UNIVERSITÄT
DUISBURG
ESSEN



UNIVERSIDAD DE SEVILLA

Coventry
University



MARRAKECH
UNIVERSITY
UNIVERSITÉ CAH AHAD



CENTER FOR CONTINUING EDUCATION
UNIVERSITY OF ALGERIA



Assiut National
University



الجامعة العربية
جامعة



GJU
جامعة الجوف
Gulf Jordanian
University



PSUT
جامعة سوهاج
Sohag University

Associate Partner



EDEN
جامعة عدن
Aden University

About OpenMed

OpenMed is an international cooperation project co-funded by the Erasmus + Capacity Building in HE programme of the European Union during the period 15 October 2015 - 14 October 2018 involving five partners from Europe and eight from South-Mediterranean countries (Morocco, Palestine, Egypt and Jordan).

The overarching goal of OpenMed is to raise awareness and facilitate the adoption of Open Educational Resources (OER) and Open Educational Practices (OEP) in the South Mediterranean region, with a particular focus on Egypt, Jordan, Morocco and Palestine.

OpenMed fosters the role of universities as knowledge providers not only to their on-campus students but also beyond the walls of institutions, especially towards disadvantaged groups (e.g. low-income peoples, disabled students, people living in rural areas, learners at risk of low achievement, refugees).

Members of the Consortium

- [UNIMED, Mediterranean Universities Union](#), Italy (coordinator)
- [POLITO, Politecnico di Torino](#), Italy
- [UNIR, Universidad Internacional de La Rioja](#), Spain
- [US, University of Seville](#), Spain
- [COV, Coventry University](#), UK
- [CU, Cairo University](#), Egypt
- [AU, Alexandria University](#), Egypt
- [UCA, Cadi Ayyad University](#), Morocco
- [UIZ, Université Ibn Zohr](#), Morocco
- [BZU, Birzeit University](#), Palestine
- [ANNU, An-Najah National University](#), Palestine
- [AArU, Association of Arab Universities](#), Jordan
- [GJU, German Jordanian University](#), Jordan
- [PSUT, Princess Sumaya University for Technology](#), Jordan

Associate Partner

- [EDEN, European Distance and E-Learning Network](#), UK

More at

<http://www.OpenMedproject.eu>



Co-funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union

The OpenMed project has been funded with support from the European Union. This report reflects the view only of the author, and the Commission cannot be held responsible for any use which may be made of the information contained therein.



This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/)

OER Regional Agenda for South-Mediterranean Universities

Drafting Committee: [OpenMed partners](#)

The aim of this OER Regional Agenda is to become the starting point for the development of both policies and roadmaps at institutional level, and it informed the training of trainers component of the OpenMed project. [More background information](#) and [key definitions](#) of terms used in this document are available.



Vision

The overarching vision behind the OER Regional Agenda, is that *“Opening up education and sharing academic content may lead to improved networking, collaboration and integration of HEI systems, through comprehensive development and creation of a relevant interrelated platforms of content within and outside HEIs.*

The adoption of OER and OEP aims to guarantee a higher accessibility to HE and to diversify the channels and means to learn and update the knowledge of learners. In briefs, Open Education can truly change higher education and make it better, more accessible and relevant, all features befitting a global knowledge-sharing society.”

Strategic Recommendations

Open Content & Licenses (C)

C1. Encourage the use of **open licenses** for all educational materials produced by public institutions, recognising that governments, institutions and education authorities can generate substantial benefits by ensuring that the educational materials developed with public funds are made available under open licenses.

C2. Encourage the **development, adaptation, and localisation** of OER in Arabic language (modern standard Arabic) and in diverse cultural contexts. Localising OER, not simply translating contents, ensures relevance and accessibility of open educational resources.

C3. Promote the adoption open standards (open source), address **accessibility** principles and standards during the design ([W3C](#)), and the use bibliometric criteria (Metadata) when publishing OER.

Open Pedagogy & Practice (P)

P1. **Promote open approaches** to knowledge production within education, which include the use, reuse and remix of Open Educational Resources.

P2. **Raise awareness** - also through practical experimentation - of the role of OER supporting educational transformative practices and learning innovation, to enhance the creation and conveyance of knowledge through OEP. Strategic actions on pedagogical approaches to OER should take into consideration affordances of new ICTs in relation to teaching and learning.

P3. **Recognise and accredit** knowledge acquired through OER and OEP by creating adequate indicators and metrics to assess competences, pursuing **academic quality assurance** and rigour in the process of OER production and adoption.

P4. Further develop **empirical investigation** of the pedagogical value of OER, including their impacts on formal and informal education environments.

Technology (T)

T1. **Ensure equitable access** to Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs), as a crucial requirement in the adoption and production of OER, bridging the digital divide by developing adequate infrastructure, including affordable broadband connectivity and widespread mobile technology.

T2. **Incorporate openness in teachers training programmes**, building capacity on the use and value of open standards to develop technical skills and competences to find, use, remix, and contribute with OER as well as to engage with and to promote OEP.

T3. Support the adoption of appropriate **open formats and standard** to enable interoperability and compatibility between existing and new systems or solutions, and transferability of data and information between old and new systems; as open formats and standards ensure that OER can be easily created, revised, repurposed and remixed.

T4. Pursue **decentralised or federated solutions to knowledge management**, which facilitate the creation of inter-institutional and regional OER initiatives that leverage the findability, exchange, reuse and repurpose of resources within an expanded community of users and beyond the educational institutions. **OER repositories** should be structured in machine-readable format as to enable proper indexing and Search Engine Optimisation of resources.

Governance & business models (G)

G1. Implement consistent and inclusive **OER institutional policies** outlining the ways in which the organisation aims to engage with OER and OEP, and develop properly-funded **strategic action-plans** on use, production and diffusion of OER, involving departments and people, drawing on how such involvement relates to its overarching mission and values.

G2. **Empower OER champions**, innovators and early adopters to widespread the word to faculty and non-faculty members about the value premises and benefits of OER, through institutional and/or financial incentives and professional recognition.

G3. Foster an OER culture through knowledge management practices that enable an educational paradigm by **shifting towards openness and collaboration**, disseminating OER and OEP within the institution and beyond and promote the understanding and use of **open licensing frameworks**, while respecting authors' rights.

G4. Develop institutional and cross-institutional flexible **certification models** to assess, qualify and recognise the learning outcomes of those who have learned through the use of OER and OEP, supported by a clear **set of quality criteria** for both content and learning processes.

Collaborative models between institutions (I)

11. Recognise local innovators and networking them, **pursue inter-institutional collaboration fostering the emergence of networked communities of practice** around open education themes, in order to facilitate the exchange of experience, peer-collaboration, knowledge transfer, and skills development regarding the importance of OER initiatives.
12. **Liaise with regional and international initiatives** (i.e. consortiums, worldwide federations, open education alliances, initiatives promoted by UNESCO, etc.) that may enhance the visibility of the region in worldwide Open Education initiatives and respond to international quality assurance standards to assess and evaluate educational resources.
13. **Collaborate beyond the university boundaries**, recognising that Open Education is an opportunity to expand learning beyond the boundaries of traditional education, reaching wider communities, thus strengthening institutional presence and new forms of academic collaboration and recognition.
14. Encourage and promote **academic research networks** into open education in the Arab countries, and on the various organisational opportunities and challenges associated with the implementation and use of OER, and its impact on teaching and learning.

Endorsement

To endorse these recommendations, please comment [here](#)



This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/).